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WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1900.

PRICE TWO CENTS. FIVE CENTS.

HOLT STOCK HAS GONE UP PERCEPTIBLY

Although the Tavenner Men Are Keeping a Stiff Upper Lip, and Will Fight It Out to a Finish.

CHAIRMAN EDMINSTON WINS

In Downing MacCorkle for Temporary Chairman - Ex-Senator H. G. Davis Chosen for the Honor.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 5. inless the janitor was ordered to put ut the lights and forgot to perform his duty, the Democratic state execu-tive committee were in session at their In the Tavenner headquarters until long after midnight. Of course the mesting was strictly private and se and leaders of the party were allowed to get within gunshot of the building, but from the tired look which several of those who are supposed to have been present bore this morning must have had a great time. It was not until late this afternoon that the committee finally compromised or the selection of ex-Senator Henry G. Davis for temporary chairman.

Every train arriving during the night added to the throng already here, and badges bearing the names of their favorites were pinned upon each man's pat immediately after his arrival. By some hocus pocus Tavenner was in-duced yesterday afternoon to sit for his photograph, and early in the even-ing the tip was out that correspondents who wished a picture of the distin-guished judge could be accommodated by applying at the gallery of a local firm of photographers. Those who saw Tavenner on Sunday night could not but have been inspired with the idea that he intended doing something unique, as he had his beard trimmed in an entirely new and very becoming style, and there were other indications that he was about to go on dress parade to give kodak flends a chance to catch him on the fly

What Might Have Happened.

Had the majority of the executive committee overruled Andy Edminston and succeeded in making ex-Governor MacCorkle the temporary, as well as the permanent chairman, it is probathe permanent chairman, it is proba-ble that the chairman of the committee would have deputized someone besides himself to call the convention to order. As it is the defeat of the proposition is considered first blood for McGraw, which of course means Holt.

Since the arrival of the big guns the market for candidates has fluctuated iclently, and during the morning Tavnner stock looked panicky, and Holt was on the jump. Dark horse stock was firm and gave indications of supporting the market should Holt take a sudden drop. The appearance of things, however, changes every hour, and it is any man's race until the last county is called on the first ballot. The Ohio county delegation arrived acre shortly after noon, having had a pleasant trip, with the exception that the Urania was delayed somewhat by for Upon their arrival they found the

on substantially as published in his morning's Intelligencer, with the exception that even Tavenner's admiris rejuctantly admitted that Holt's chances were greatly improved, and hat there was a possibility of his commation. This is about the prevail-

ing opinion of the unbiased observer. Are in to Win.

to win, and are keeping a stiff upper They will fight it out to the last and as no one can foretell what a convention will do they may yet win out At the Tavenner headquarters the nomination of Judge Tavenner is still confidently predicted, while at the Holt headquarters the nomination of Holt on the first ballot is predicted, with even more confidence than It was yes-The past fourteen hours hav brought about little change in the sit-Every train since yesterday morning has brought in hundreds of del gates, until this afternoon the hopart of the crowd is to come. All trains m the north, east and south at noor as crowded to the platform with delfrom all over the state, and it soks now as though the predictions would be verified that this will be the Exist convention the Democrats have

Wheel Horses Present.

Many prominent men are here, among hem being some of the old wheel ores of the party. A group of stal-Jackson this morning, when N. Camden, Henry G. Davis W. St. Clair stepped up in a and shook hands with each These men and others who have the party's lenders and are now with it and are working for ceas, are more in evidence now an they have been for years.

us the many representative Demtats who are here are Judge D. B. s. R. W. Morrow and B. D. Gib-of Jefferson; S. W. Walker, P. E. Harrison and J. F. Thompson, of Herkeley; John T. McGraw and A. J. Davis and Wood C. Dailey, of Min-al, J. W. St. Clair and C. W. Osenion, Payetts; J. M. Rowan and A. N. appell, of Monroe; W. G. Bennett, is Bennett, E. A. Brennon and Anlliton, William A. MacCorkle, S. Flourney, George E. Price, D. E. Gallagher, J. B. White and others, of

Kanawha; C. L. Smith, O. S. McKin, ney, W. A. Ohley, Z. T. Morgan, C. E. Manley, S. L. Watson and others, of Marion; J. A. Holly, of Lincoln; J. H. Miller, Howard Templeton and John D. Sweeney, of Summers: C. H. Taney, Gus Wiedebusch, Joseph Handlan and nearly one hundred others from Ohlo county; Rankin Wiley, H. E. Spiliman, V. A. Lewis, George W. Tippett and Griff Smith, of Mason; Sam V. Woods,

J. H. Knapp and S. H. Bowman, of Barbour; H. B. Gilkeson, of Hamp-shire; Tom G. and Will A. Strickler, of Ritchie; G. B. West and a bunch of

McCoys, from Tyler.

Among the wires which were being pulled last night was one in the inter est of Tavenner, which was intended to cause Simms Powell to withdraw from the race for auditor. Mr. Powell says he has refused all offers to give him a clerkship if he would combine forces with other candidates. While the candidates for permanent chair-

man of the convention were being dis-cussed to-day the name of Ben H. Butcher, of Wood county, was sprung by some of his friends. E. M. Gilkeson, who has been spoken of as a compromise candidate for governor in the event of a deadlock, has announced that he will be a candidate for the nomination in four years.

The state committee in session this afternoon to select the temporary officers and make arrangements for the convention, agreed upon ex-Senator Henry G. Davis for temporary chair-

Will Shirk 16 to 1 Plank.

General J. W. St. Clair, who is an ardent supporter of Wm. J. Bryan, thinks it would be the part of wisdom for the convention not to reaffirm the Chicago platform, or to refer to the 16 to 1 plank. His idea is that that part of the constitution of the United States relating to the power of Con-gress to coin money should be adopted as the Democratic platform on the money question. He believes the outlook for the Democracy is good if the party is not again divided, and he will use his energies in the convention for the adoption of a platform which will unify and solidify the party.

The convention will be called to order at noon to-morrow.

Senator Flournoy arrived here at noon from Charleston. He said he had not looked over the situation enough to size it up, but he did not expect to be nominated on the first ballot. He thinks he will have the support of a large number of delegates as second

morning with a delegation from Mason and Jackson counties. Prof. Lewis says he will go into the convention with one hundred and fifty votes. He fig-ures that unless Holt or Tavenner is nominated on the first ballot he will get the nomination. While other can-didates are more or less antagonistic to each other, he says he is friendly with all of them, and he thinks he would be the unanimous second choice of everyone, so that in the event of no nomination on the first ballot the strength of the leading candidates would be thrown to him rather than to any of the other candidates.

Steel Billets Reduced.

NEW YORK, June 5.—It was declared to-day by a director of the American Steel and Wire Company that at a secret meeting yesterday afternoon, representatives of various iron and steel interests decided to make a reduction in the price of steel billets from \$80 to 528 per ton, and of No. 1 foundry iron from \$22 to \$20 per ton.

TELEGRAPHIC TIPS.

The Maryland Democrats in state convention yesterday refused to instruct the delegates for Bryan.

Bryan denies that he ever said a con-

stitutional amendment was necessary for the annihilation of trusts.

Stephen Crane, the American writer, and author of "The Red Badge of Courdied at Baden yesterday

President McKinley yesterday nomi-nated General Joseph Wheeler to be a origadier general in the U. S. Army.

Lewellyn Wood, of Marietta, was yes-erday nominated by the Democrats of the Fifteenth Ohio district for Congress

Reports to the state department from the United States of Colombia announce that the revolution in that country is growing in strength.

growing in strength.

San Francisco council has passed an ordinance making betting on prize fights a misdemeanor. The penalty is a fine not exceeding \$500, or imprisonment for not more than six months. The Reformed Presbyterian Synod of The Reformed Prospyterian Synol of Cedarville, Ohio, passed a resolution that the churches be prohibited from ordaining elders, and presbyteries from licensing and ordaining young men to the ministry who use tobacco in any

William H. Hummel was hange William H. Finnine was many williamsport. Pa., yesterday for the murder of his wife and her three children on November 16, 1899. He died bravely, Hummel married a widow with three children, and a week after the wedding he quarreled with his wife. tile she and her children were asleep killed them with an axe.

The New York Democrats yesterday

The New York Democrats yesterday selected the following defegates-at-large to the national convention: David B. Hill, Richard Croker, Edward Murphy and Augustus Van Wyek. The platform adopted contains no reaffirmation of the Chicago platform of 1896, but a declaration that the party in the state will support the platform of the Kansas City convention.

The examination at New York on the case of Charles F. W. Neely, charged with stealing 32,000 of Cuban postal funds, was adjourned until to-day. This agreement was reached after a conference between Neely's counsel and United States District Attorney Burnett. The delay, it is said, is in consequence of the issuance of requisition papers for Neely's removal to Havana by Governor Roosevelt.

Four of the defendants in the famous Lancaster, Pa., revenue cigar stamp counseffeiting conspiracy yesterday entered pleas of suity in the United States district court. They were William Jacobs and William L. Kendig, of Lancaster, cigar manufacturers; Samuel B. Downey, formerly deputy international revenue collector, and James Burns, one of Jacobs' employes. Judge McPherson imposed the following sentences on the prisoners: Kendig and Jacobs' each \$5,000 fine, coats and twelve tences on the prisoners: Kendig and Jacobs each \$5,000 fine, costs and twelve years' imprisomment.

SENATOR SCOTT CONGRATULATED ON HIS SPEECH

In the Senate Yesterday on the Philippine Question From Standpoint of Business and Patriotism.

SCORES PETTIGREW HANNA

A Slander on Congressman Dayton Which Appeared in the Register. The Last Hours of Congress.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer WASHINGTON, June 5.-Senato Scott was the recipient this afternoon of numerous compliments upon speech on the Philippine question. Such able and influential senators as Wolcott ,Shoup and Sewell, gave it close attention from the beginning to the close and these and others congratulated him afterwards, the comment being that it was one of the best so far delivered on the question, one of his colleagues referring to it as a careful review from the standpoint of business and patriotism, devoid of politics. For this reason, especially, the speech was favorably commented upon. Senators personally commented upon. expressed themselves most cordially concerning it upon the floor, and later others of them called at Mr. Scott's committee room to tender felicitations. The Senator received liberal applause from both the floor and the gallery until the presiding officer checked it by enforcing the rules of the senate which

prohibit such demonstrations.

There had been some interest in the peech excited in advance of its delivery by many who wanted to know how business man not a lawyer would re gard the situation, and it so happened that Senator Scott was the second business man to-day to hold his own, Sen-ator Hanna being the first.

Hanna Dresses Up Pettigrew

And speaking of Senator Hanna, it is appropos to say that both yesterday and to-day he surprised his political friends most agreeably by the ease, fluency and brilliancy with which on two occasions, with no possible chance for preparation, he met and overwhelmed the enemies who have been nagging at his reputation. If Pettigrew is sensible of his misery, he must remain an un-happy man after the dressing he got from Senators Hanna and Carter.

It was in advance of one of the "scenes" to-day that Senator Scott was afforded the floor. The debute had been very bitter, and the senator in a large measurerestored good humor, after having temporarily yielded the foor, by arising to a question of parliamentary inquiry. Being asked to state his inquiry, the senator facetlously, in the silence produced by his interruption, demanded to know where he came in. Senator Pettus, the lone committee

man who opposed the seating of Sena-tor Scott, remained in his seat throughout the delivery of the speech, and gave

The probability at the hour of writing this, is that both houses of Congress will remain in session all night. The weary statesmen are this moment wrestling with the concluding business and it looks as though there will be final adjournment to-morrow at 3 o'clock.

A Palpable Slander.

Representative Dayton said to-night, referring to a communication published in the Wheeling Register and purporting to be from a citizen of Grafton touching the recent Decoration Day exercises there: "I do not regard it as necessary to reply to anything so absurd, the Decoration Day committee knows, or ought to know, that Captain Spies, and Senator Gramm wrote requesting me to got Mr. Dolliver, or some other speaker, to deliver the address, Mr. Dolliver could not come, owing to a previous engagement of a similar char self a soldier, who promised to go to Grafton, if he could. I notified Memorial Day committee of what I had done, and subsequent negotiations, if any, with Captain McKee were ducted by the committee. That is all the connection I had with the matter, though I was as much interested as a man could be in having the annual observation at the cemetery successfully arried out."

Through the personal attention given by Mr. Dayton to-day, favorable reports were made upon two measures of importance to West Virginians. These were the act authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Monongahela river, and the bill to establish a fish hatching station in the state and appropriating 25,000 therefor. Duplicate of these bills introduced by Senator Elkins have already passed the senate

Mr. Dayton also secured a favorable report upon the resolution granting fifteen days annual leave to employes of navy yards, gun factories and naval

PESTILENT PETTIGREW

Gives Voice to Some Lying Charges, and is Promptly Called to Time by Senators Hanna and Carter.

WASHINGTON, June 5 .- When the anti-trust bill was Inid before the sen-ate Mr. Petigrew, (S. D.), moved to proceed with its consideration. Mr. Galinger, (N. H.), moved to refer the matter to the committee on judiciary. In the course of a speech on the subject, ly surprised that the statement made a w days ago by Mr. Petigrew that the Cramps, ship builders, of Philadelphia,

had contributed \$400,000 to the Republinad contributes \$600,000 to the hepoth-can national campaign fund of 1892, with the promise that they would be recoup-ed by contracts for the building of war-ships, had not been denied. He regarded it as a most remarkable statement and directed attention to the fact that Mr. Hanna and Mr. Carter, intimately connected with that campaign, were in the chamber and heard the statement Instantly Mr. Hanna was on his feet. "If," said he, sharply, "I should undertake to reply to all such statements made on this floor, I would occupy more

time of the senate than ever the senator from Georgia does. (Laughter.) I heard the statement and considered it unworthy of notice, and I decime to dignitfy it by a denial. "I had nothing to do with the cam-paign of 1892, but I have heard this story and I say most emphatically and decidedly that I believe it is not true. So far as such allusions are made to

tions were offered to any person or any corporation for contributions made. Mr. Carter warmly denied any im-proper use of money in 1832 and stated as false any statement that promise

campaign of 1896, I desire to say that

no promises were made, no considera-

Mr. Pettigrew followed with assertion: that Cramp had told him that he gave \$400,000 in 1892 and said it was im-

properly spent. Mr. Pettigrew then took up the mi-nority report of the committee on privileges and elections which investigated the charges against Senator Hanna and read from it at length.

Senator Hanna's Reply.

Mr. Hanna briefly reviewed the Ohlo enatorial election, saving there was an senatorial election, saying there was an attempt made by Democrats and trai-torous Republicans. like the senator from South Dakota, who attempted to defeat the nominee of the Republican party for senator.

Mr. Hanna continued in a denunciation of Mr. Pettigrew's course, saying that he sometimes doubted the sanity of the man in putting such rot as he did in the Record and expect people to be-

Mr. Carter followed Mr. Hanna, replying to the remarks of Mr. Pettigre about the alleged \$400,000 contribution

Mr. Pettigrew said he had told the chairman of the national Rapublican committee at that time (Carter) of the matter and he had said something indieating that it was true.

Mr. Carter, in a most vigorous man-ner, denied the statement of Mr. Pet-tigrew. He said that he did not be-lieve the conversation alleged to have taken place between Pettigrew and Cramp ever occurred. He denied absolutely that any conversation between himself and Mr. Pettigrew had occurred.
Mr. Carter warned the Democrats

Mr. Carter warned the Democrate that as they were to associate with Mr. Pettigrew they must have a care. He said the old adage was applicable, "that they who laid down with dogs must get up with fleas."

Mr. Pettigrew replied briefly, saying the conversation had occurred.

Mr. Foraker their referred to the Chir case and guard James A. Gar-

Mr. Foraker their referred to the Ohio case, and quoted James A. Garfield in defense of Mr. Hanna, saying that the reports showed that there was no case against Mr. Hanna. He said that the charges of Mr. Pettigrew would be answered in November, as the people of Oregon had yesterday answered similar charges. answered similar charges.

THE LAST THROES

Of the House - Partisan Passion Run High for a Time-Hot Words Between Opposing Parties.

WASHINGTON, June 5 .- The house entered the threes of dissolution today, and all day and all evening the circling galleries were crowded with epectators. The picturesque incidents were few. Partisan passion running high, in the face of the impending presidential canvass, broke out several times during the afternoon, and hot times during were bandled across the political aisle. Mr. Hull, of Iowa, and Mr. Lentz, of Ohio, crossed swords, and later Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee, had a lively encounter. Throughout the day, at encounter. Throughout the day, at every opportunity there was a play for political advantage, and taunt and challenge were bandled back and forth. But all this was merely incidental to the work of crowding through the big supply of bills which had the right of

During the interims between the consideration of conference reports members clamored like mad men in the wheat pit on a panic day, for recogni-tion for private bills upon which their

political salvation might depend.
At the night session, the galleries were througed with gaily arrayed women, and the floor was a veritable bediam. Hour after hour, the conferees struggled with their reports, the speaker, firm and resolute steering the turmed and confusion. Toward midpolitical salvation might depend an all night session ahead, remuin their places, getting what cou they could from the knowledge that to-morrow the end would come.

OREGON ELECTION.

Republican Victory Complete-Twenty-two Majority in the Legisla-PORTLAND, Ore., June 5 .- Complete

returns from twenty-two countles of the thirty-three in the state show that in yesterday's election the Republicans carried the head of the ticket by at least carried the head of the ticket by at least 8,060 plurality. Returns so far give Wolverton (Rep.), for justice of the su-preme court, a plurality of 7,351. For congressman in the First district, Tongue (Rep.) has 2,421 plurality. In the Second district Moody (Rep.) for Congress, has 5,559 plurality. The Republicans will control both branches of the legislature, and will

The Republicans will control both branches of the legislature, and will have a majority of 22 on joint ballot. The two houses will be made up as follows: Senate—Republicans, 20: opposition 10. House—Republicans, 36; opposition, 24. The woman suffrage amendment is defeated.

Counting in the city of Portland will will not be finished before to-morrow, but "up to this evening. Rowe (Rep.), for the mayer, has a plurality-of 500.

THE CAPITOL OF TRANSVAAL HAS FALLEN

And is Now Occupied by General Roberts—The Boers Make But Very Slight Resistance.

LONDON GROWS HYSTERICAL

Over the News-Disaster to British Arms in the Capture of 500 of the Imperial Yeomanry.

LONDON, June 5, 12:47 p. m .- The war office has issued the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, June 5.—We are now in possession of Pretoria. The official entry will be made this afternoon at 2

The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, June 5, 12:55 p. m.—Just before dark yesterday the enemy were beaten back from nearly all the po-sitions they had been hoding and Ian Hamilton's mounted infantry followed them to within two thousand yards of Pretoria, though they retreated has-

"De List then sent an officer with a flag of truce into the town, demanding its surrender in my name. Shortly be-fore midnight I was awakened by two officials of the South African republic, Sandborg, military secretary to Commandant General Botha, and a general officer of the Boer army, who brought me a letter from Botha, proposing an armistice for the purpose of settling the terms of surrender.

"I replied that I would gladly meet the commandant general the next morning, but that I was not prepared to discuss any terms, as the surrender of the town must be unconditional. I asked for a reply by daybreak, as I had ordered the troops to march on the town as soon as it was light.

"In his reply Botha told me that he had decided not to defend Pretoria and that he trusted women, children and property would be protected. At 1 o'clock a. m. to-day, while on the line of march, I was met by three of the principal officials with a flag of truce. stating their wish to surrender the "It was arranged that Pretoria

should be taken possession of by her majesty's troops at 2 o'clock this aft-

"Mrs. Botha and Mrs. Kruger are both in Pretoria. Some few of the British prisoners have been taken away, but the majority are still at Waterval. Over a hundred of the officers are in Pretoria. The few I have seen are looking well."

Victoria Rejoices.

LONDON, June 6, 4:15 a. m.—Queen Victoria, surrounded by the Duke and Duchess of York, Princess Christian, Princess Victoria and many other notables of ber court, drank to the health of Lord Roberts and the army at Balmoral last evening. A great bonfire lighted at her majesty's command, blazed on Craiggewan mountain, illuminating the countryside for miles around. The nation joins in the toast, glorifying Lord Roberts and turbulent-ly rejoicing in his victory. The dispatches of Lord Roberts, tell-

ing of the incidents before the surren-dering of the capitol by three civilians, tand alone, as the correspondents with him have not yet had their turn with the wires

Lord Roberts' postscript announcing the loss of the yeomanry battalion, came too late for the public to know it last evening. The newspaper comnentators consider the incident deplorable, but as having no weight to speak of in the results. The battalion numpered between four hundred and fiv hundred.

General Botha and most of his mer got away from Pretoria. This is inferred from Lord Roberts' message, but the presumption is that the Boer comnandant general cannot escape the British dispositions without a fight Operations elsewhere seem to have

dwindled to nothing. General Baden-Powell joined General Hunter on Sunday at Lichtenburg. Redvers Buller has not moved. Bennett Burleigh, wiring from Jo-hannesburg, says President Kruger took £2,000,000 in cash to Middleberg.

Mr. Burleigh and Guy H. Scull, American correspondent, entered hannesburg the night before Lord Robtour of it unmolested by the armed Burghers.

BRITISH DISASTER

The Irish Yeomanry Captured by the Boers at Lindley, Being Overwhelmed by Numbers.

LONDON, June 5.—12 p. m.—Lord loberts reports to the war office that the Thirteenth battailon of the Imperal Yeomanry (Irish) was "over-whelmed by the Boers, at Lindley." Lord Methuen made a "magnificent march to the rescue," but was too

late.
Following is the text of a dispatch from Lord Roberts announcing the disaster to the Thirteenth battalion of the Imperial Yeomanry

"PRETORIA STATION, June 5.-2:55 p. m.-I regret to report that the Thirteenth Imperial Yeomanry, 500 trong, had to surrender to a very suforce of the enemy on May near Lindley. On receiving informa-tion of the battation being attacked 1 tion of the battation being attacked 1

my telegram on June 1, he started off by 10 a.m. By 10 a.m. of the follow-ing day he had marched forty-four miles in twenty-five hours, but he was

too late to rescue Colonel Spragg's veo-

manry.
"Methuen attacked the Boers, who were between two and three thousand strong, and after a running fight of five hours, completely routed the enemy.
"It is a very regrettable circumstace; but I, trust it will not be very long before the Irish yeomanry are released from captivity."

BOER ENVOYS

Take Pretoria's Fall Coolly-Say the War is Not Ended-Burghers Will Resort to Filipino Tactics.

CHICAGO, June 5 .- The Boer envoys arrived here this morning, but the wel-coming words of the reception committee were half lost in the shouts of news-boys crying "All about Pretoria sur-rendered,"

rendered."

The news of the fall of the Transvaal capital was received calmly, almost indifferently, it appeared, but this was explained by Mr. Fischer, who said:

"The news does not come as a surprise. The fight will continue."

"I half expected that there would be a battle outside of the city, but still I am not surprised. Doubtless the situation has changed considerably since I left.

tion has changed considerably since I left.

"The outcome of a guerrilla warfare, generally, is not in favor of the guerrillas. But in our case we hope for a change in European affairs which will aid us. If we are still able to fight and the European nations become involved over some question—China, for instance—I have no doubt that the Transvaal could get the best of terms, probably their independence.

"That the Boers, as you call us, although we call ourselves Afrikanders, are good fighters, the world realizes. Hardly a battle has been fought in which we have not been outnumbered twenty to one. And we have not lost a gun. Can the British say as much?

"Concerning our reception in this country. I will say that the envoys are

a gun. Can the British say as much?
"Concerning our reception in this
country, I will say that the envoys are
convinced that nine-tenths of the people are in sympathy with our cause,
and believe it to be just."
"You do not now expect any country
to interfere with the British?" Mr. Wessels was asked.
"Why not?" he answered. "Has there
not been a great deal of interference,
one with another in China."
A visitor suggested that the situation
in China, where each of the great powers has its eyes on the others, war not
similar to the situation in South Africa, and to this Mr. Wessels made noreply.

KEMPFF'S CABLEGRAM

About Hostilities in China Causes Some Concern at the Navy De-

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5,-The ecretary of the navy has received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempff, commanding the United States steamship Newark, lying at Taku forts, at the mouth of the Peo Ho river, dated Taku, June 5:

Taku, June 5:

"Engagement has commenced. Have landed force of fifty seamen more—battalion of marines.

(Signed)

"KEMPFF."

The cipher message is not entirely legible, and it is supposed at the navy department the admiral means that he has landed fifty seamen to reinforce the battalion of marines already ashore.

The break in the admiral's cablegram is caused by an illegible group of figures in the cablegram. The admiral's news is regarded as of the utmost gravity. The admiral has said nothing about needing more force, but the department stands ready to supply this at once, supposing that he has not communicated directly with Rear Admiral Remey at Manila in quest of reinforcements.

LONDON, June 8.—The morning pa-

ments.

LONDON, June 6.—The morning papers have nothing from China regarding an attack upon Tion Tain, but the Times, in an editorial discussing the situation, says that everything was ready for such an emergency, the foreign settlements being protected by gunboats along the wharves of the Pel Ho river.

"Pekin itself is believed to be safe, and though no doubt in any case the foreign detachments which have been sent up to guard the legations maye be trusted to give a good account of themselves, the safety of the city may presumably be attributed in an equal pressumably be attributed in an equal measure to the regard of the Empress Tsku Hazi for her own personal convenience."

BRISK ENGAGEMENTS

With Filipines by American Troops Many Rebels Captured, With 10,-

MANILA, June 5, 11:35 p. m.—Major Johnson, with two companies of the Twenty-ninth Infantry and twenty-five men of the Eighteenth Infantry, salled from Romblom to the neighboring Island of Tablas, where they disembarked

els, who retreated, and they captured forty, including all the officers, together with 10,000 rounds of ammunition and twenty-four rides. Forty men of the Twenty-finth regiment, with a lieutenant, were left as a garrison, the others returning to Romblon.

Company C, of the Thirty-fifth regiment, and Company G, of the Pourth regiment, encountered fifty insurgents behind trenches in the high mountains near Norzagaray, province of Bulacan, There was persistent fighting and seven Americans were wounded. Finally Company G, by a flanking movement, carried the trenches.

It is reported that the Flipinos have separated among the trackless forests.

Asked for Troops.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 5.-The strike situation has assumed such a serious chase that to-day fifty prominent citi-tens united in a telegram to Governor

Movements of Steamships. NEW YORK-Arrived: Steamer Al-r from Genoa; Koenigen Louise, from

Bremen.
LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Minneapolis, from New York.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schnept, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

7 a. m. 62 2 p. m. 8 9 a. m. 65 7 p. m. 8 1 m. 22 Weather, clear,